

Solar Grain Mills Evaluation: Agsol MicroMill (MMV2.1)

CLASP facilitates independent testing and conducts performance evaluations of electronic appliances based on quality, safety, durability, and truth-in-advertising. The milling machine was tested according to the <u>Rapid Product Assessment Solar Milling Test Method</u>. The method aims to evaluate solar-powered milling equipment intended for deployment in stand-alone applications. The test methods were developed by <u>Kijani Testing</u> in partnership with CLASP in support of <u>VeraSol</u>, a quality assurance program for off-grid solar solutions. This document contains the product's performance summary.

Product Information

Product Brand Name	Agsol MicroMill
Model Number	MMV2.1
Manufacturer Name	Agsol Ltd.
Net Weight (kg)	6.5
Dimensions (L*W*H in cm)	30*21*25
Power Supply Type	DC
Power Supply Range (W)	1000
Rated Input Voltage (V)	48
Spindle speed range (rpm)	12000
Company Contact	www.agsol.com, Matt Carr (matt@agsol.com)
Product Photo	

Sampling & Testing Information

Sampling Location	N/A
Testing Laboratory	Kijani Testing Limited
Testing Completion Date	May 30, 2023
QA Program Contact	Martha Wakoli (CLASP), <u>mwakoli@clasp.ngo</u>

info@VeraSol.org





@VeraSol_QA



Performance Summary

Performance Metrics	Tested Value	Tested Value
Tested screen size (mm)	1	1.2
Speed of motor and spindle (rpm)	11,798.9	11,808.6
Power input (W)	717.4	706.0
Energy consumption (Wh)	51.4	48.2
Milling conversion (%)	93.8	96.9
Throughput (kg/hour)	44.7	46.8
Energy efficiency (Wh/kg)	16.1	15.1

Quality Evaluation

Parar	neters	Observation	Recommendation
	Consumer-facing	The milling machine had an	Good and no
	information	accompanying product	further
nal	=	packaging list. The labels on the	recommendation.
Vis dite		motor body can't be washed away	
lity		by water and are visible.	
bug	End-use function (e.g.,	Grain mill	Good and no
•	spice grinder, rice mill,		further
	community mill):		recommendation.
	Electrical shock and	All connections to the motor unit	Good and no
	insulation test	and the AC to DC converter are	further
		well insulated and not exposed to	recommendation.
		environmental conditions. The	
		motor electrical components are	
		well insulated and not exposed to	
>		environmental conditions.	
afet	Exposed parts that	No, the moving parts of the	Good and no
Š	might cause bodily	machine are properly sealed and	further
	harm	cannot cause any harm to the	recommendation.
		user.	
	On and off switch	It is easy to access the switch,	Good and no
		which is clearly indicated. It	further
		cannot be switched on	recommendation.
		accidentally.	

	Noise	The maximum recorded noise	Good and no
		level was 68.50 dB, which is less	further
		than 70 dB and thus suitable for	recommendation.
		use in residential and commercial	
		places.	
	Vibration	Vibration throughout the milling	Good and no
		process did not exceed 0.1 m/s²,	further
		which is within the acceptable	recommendation.
		vibration range of <0.71 m/s².	
	Temperature	Motor and body temperature did	Good and no
		not exceed 32.8 °C, which is within	further
		the appropriate temperature	recommendation.
		range of <55 °C.	
	User Manual	The user manual highlights	Good and no
c		product parts, safety precautions,	further
atio		installation procedure, operation,	recommendation.
Ĕ		troubleshooting, and	
nfo		maintenance.	
er	Warranty	The warranty period is one year for	Good and no
L L L	Documentation	the mill, solar charge controller,	further
Cons		batteries, and AC to DC converter.	recommendation.
		The solar panels have a warranty	
		of 5 years.	

Appendix A – Performance Metrics

The product is tested according to the <u>Rapid Product Assessment Solar Milling Test Method</u> and evaluated based on the criteria as of July 2023 below.

Metrics	Observation	Units
Tested screen size	The disc milling screen is used inside the mill to separate particle sizes as milled particles fall through the holes in the screen to the flour outlet. This measures the size of the holes in the screen.	Millimeters (mm)
Speed of motor and spindle	Test focuses on the motor's efficacy in transferring energy through the flywheel to the spindle.	Revolutions per minute (RPM)
Power Input	Measure the power input of the machine when milling in different mode-settings. Measured power input is compared with the manufacturer-claimed input.	Watts (W)
Energy Consumption	Measure the amount of energy used per milling session.	Watt-hour (Wh)
Milling conversion	Measure the percentage of grain that travels from the mill inlet to outlet using the mass of milled grain and the total mass of grain fed into the mill.	Percentage (%)
Throughput / Feed rate	Measure the milling speed based on the screen size and the size of the feed aperture opening, typically recorded in kg/hour. This is the primary performance metric for mills.	Kilograms per hour (kg/hr)
Energy Efficiency	Measure the amount of energy used to mill one kg of grain. Throughput is directly proportional to power (W) and energy (Wh).	Watt-hours per kilogram (Wh/kg)